

adjourn to any other place, than that in which the House shall be sitting, without the concurrent vote of two-thirds of the members present.

Sec. 26. The House of Delegates shall have the sole power of impeachment in all cases ; but a majority of all the members elected must concur in the impeachment. All impeachments shall be tried by the Senate, and when sitting for that purpose, the Senators shall be on oath, or affirmation, to do justice according to the law and the evidence ; but no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of all the Senators elected.

Sec. 27. Any bill may originate in either House of the General Assembly, and be altered, amended or rejected by the other ; but no bill shall originate in either House during the last ten days of the session, unless two-thirds of the members elected thereto shall so determine by yeas and nays ; nor shall any bill become a Law, until it be read on three different days of the session in each House, unless two-thirds of the members elected to the House, where such bill is pending, shall so determine by yeas and nays ; and no bill shall be read a third time until it shall have been actually engrossed for a third reading.

Sec. 28. No bill shall become a Law unless it be passed in each House by a majority of the whole number of members elected, and on its final passage the yeas and nays be recorded ; nor shall any Resolution, requiring the action of both Houses, be passed except in the same manner.

Sec. 29. The style of all Laws of this State shall be, " Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland," and all Laws shall be passed by original bill ; and every Law enacted by the General Assembly, shall embrace but one subject, and that shall be described in its title ; and no Law, nor section of a Law, shall be revived, or amended by reference to its title, or section only ; nor shall any Law be construed, by reason of its title, to grant powers, or confer rights which are not expressly contained in the body of the Act ; and it shall be the duty of the General Assembly, in amending any article or section of the Code of Laws of this State, to enact the same, as the said article or section would read when amended. And whenever the General Assembly shall enact any Public General Law, not amendatory of any Section or Article in the said Code, it shall be the duty of the General Assembly to enact the same, in articles and sections, in the same manner as the Code is arranged, and to provide for the publication of all additions and alterations which may be made to the said Code.

Sec. 30. Every bill, when passed by the General Assem-